Ninth update of the 2009 Helicopter Monitoring Program

Floatables:

The New York/New Jersey Harbor Complex was monitored for floatables five times from July 18 - 24. The Harbor was clear of significant floatables on July 18, 22, 23 and 24. The floatable flight was not conducted on July 21 due to heavy rain.

On July 20, a small slick, approximately 200 feet long by 20 feet wide, was reported in Newark Bay. A second slick, approximately 150 feet long by 5 feet wide, was reported in the Upper Harbor.

On July 22, an oily sheen, approximately 300 feet long by 150 feet wide, was reported in the Upper Harbor.. Oily sheens are reported to the US Coast Guard.

The floatable debris consisted of large wood, paper and plastics and was reported to Army Corps of Engineers. The Army Corps of Engineers conducted clean-ups as necessary.

Sampling:

Phytoplankton samples were collected along the New Jersey coast, in Raritan Bay, Sandy Hook Bay, Barnegat Bay, Great Bay, Great Egg Harbor and Delaware Bay, on July 22. Samples were given to the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP), Bureau of Marine Water Monitoring Leeds Point Laboratory for analysis. These samples help fulfill NJDEP's commitments to the National Shellfish Sanitation Program. Results, as reported by NJDEP are as follows:

The waters along the Cape Shore near Dias Creek are experiencing a bloom of *Clindretheca closterium*.

The waters of Barnegat Bay from Toms River to Barnegat Inlet are experiencing a bloom of *Nannochloris oculata*.

NJDEP has implemented an aircraft remote sensing program for estimating chlorophyll levels in NJ's coastal waters. This program provides a valuable perspective on algal conditions and trends. To view these maps please visit the website. http://www.nj.gov/dep/bmw/remotesensing.htm

No samples collected in the New Jersey Coastal Waters were found to contain the Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning species *Alexandrium spp.*

See next page for a complete report.

NJDEP Water Monitoring and Standards Bureau of Marine Water Monitoring Algal Conditions in New Jersey Estuarine and Coastal Waters Week of July 20, 2009

TO: Distribution

FROM: Bill Heddendorf, Senior Environmental Specialist

Bureau of Marine Water Monitoring

DATE: July 23, 2009

SUBJECT: Report of Algal Conditions in New Jersey Coastal Waters

Week of July 20, 2009

Samples were collected by the USEPA helicopter and analyzed at the NJDEP Bureau of Marine Water Monitoring's Leeds Point Laboratory.

Raritan/Sandy Hook Bay Area

The waters of Raritan Bay are experiencing a mild bloom of Skeletonema costatum (1,880 cells/mL). No toxic species were detected.

The aircraft remote sensing program detected elevated chlorophyll levels in the waters of Sandy Hook Bay and around the Hook into the ocean, so there were extra samples collected on Tuesday. The waters of were experiencing a bloom of mixed nontoxic dinoflagellates, which has dissipated and is now generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species were detected.

New Jersey Coastal Area

The ocean waters from Long Branch to Ship Bottom are experiencing a moderate bloom of *Prorocentrum triestinum* and *Thalassiosira nordenskioeldii*. Cell counts ranged from 520 to 920 cells/mL. The ocean waters off the coast of Cape May are generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species were detected.

Barnegat Bay Area

The waters of Barnegat Bay from Toms River to Barnegat Inlet are experiencing a bloom of *Nannochloris oculata*. The waters from Manahawkin to Little Egg Harbor are generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species detected were detected.

Great Bay

The waters of Great Bay are generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species were detected.

Great Egg Harbor

The waters of Great Egg Harbor are generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species were detected.

Delaware Bay/Capeshore Area

The waters along the Cape Shore near Dias Creek are experiencing a bloom of *Clindretheca closterium* (96,000 cells/mL). The waters at the mouth of the bay are generally clear with sparse algal concentrations. No toxic species were detected.

*No samples collected in the New Jersey Coastal Waters were found to contain the Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning species *Alexandrium spp.*

NJDEP Water Monitoring and Standards Bureau of Marine Water Monitoring Phytoplankton Data Sheet

Date: 07/22/2009

Collector: **EPA**

Station #	Time	Water	Chlorophyll	Dominant Species	Toxic Species*
		Temp.	(ug/l)		
				Skeletonema costatum	
26A	1008	21.2	8.41	1,880 cells/mL	None present
906A	1017	21.4	3.36	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
	1022	10.5	10.51	Prorocentrum triestinum (680 cells/mL)	
A11A	1023	19.7	10.51	Thalassiosira nordenskioeldii(520cells/mL)	None present
	1022	20.2	10.10	Prorocentrum triestinum (840 cells/mL)	N.
A24A	1033	20.2	12.19	Thalassiosira nordenskioeldii(840cells/mL)	None present
1605A	1038	22.7	16.82	Nannochloris oculata	Nananant
1003A	1038	22.7	10.82	Nannochioris oculata	None present
1651D	1112	22.3	16.82	Nannochloris oculata	None present
1031D	1112	22.3	10.62	Ivannochioris oculuiu	None present
1670D	1118	23.2	16.82	Nannochloris oculata	None present
10702	1110	23.2	10.02	11thiochioris ochuru	Trone present
1703C	1123	24.3	3.78	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
				Prorocentrum triestinum	
A54B	1127	21.6	5.47	680 cells/mL	None present
1800B	1136	23.2	3.78	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
1818D	1139	23.2	5.05	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
1010D	1137	23.2	3.03	Sparse argar concentrations	Trone present
2100A	1144	23.4	3.78	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
2720D	1150	22.2	2.52	Samuel I amendadian	N
2720B	1158	23.2	2.52	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
A85A2	1202	22.3	2.94	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
3826A	1224	21.4	4.63	Sparse algal concentrations	None present
				Clindretheca closterium	
3895E	1233	25.7	24.81	96,000 cells/mL	None present

- Toxic Species = toxic species associated with shellfish safety including; *Prorocentrum* lima., *Alexandrium* spp., *Dinophysis* spp., and *Pseudonitzschia* spp.
- The Bureau has implemented an aircraft remote sensing program for estimating chlorophyll levels in NJ's coastal waters. This program provides a valuable perspective on algal conditions and trends. To view these maps please visit the website. http://www.nj.gov/dep/bmw/remotesensing.htm

